writing the auuve, centrating all their ere, including the forced marches in m. Two thousand 68th, and some dent at this place .shed himself in an French, whom he

ight of letters from ntents we are sorry actory complexion. are entirely withny of Gallicia still e of equipment and of employing themcipline, are engaged ecriminations Gen. expedition against order of his succesunna to Cadiz. Geraising of the levies eccount on a charge as arrested, he made

)VERTISER.

PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR

JLY 26, 1811.

9, 2 o'clock P. M. e bulletin, 'passed a rose to such a height Majesty should again lood was taken from King being greatly nt he has since been els. At this moment o for the last hour .icians entertain any nmediate dissolution,

the excessive heat of orable influence upon wing bulletin was is-

order should prevail,

sor Castle, July 20.

urs sleep in the course is in no respect worse Signed as usual.

es of Lord Wellington, e of Saturday evening reliminary movements rtance; the departure previously informed; baggage and provision The report that Seville detachment under the thing that shocks procknowledged to be an onsidering the relative n the southern part of ope to be soon able to itelligence before our

stle was evident in all were packed up, which ion of a speedy change

t by adjournment, from prorogation has been

n Independence was cef the sons of Columbia, Among the toasts after

The French brig Renard, on the 30th un. captured

an English xebec, in the Gulph of Genoa.

COMMITTER-Yesterday by Henry Bevan, Esq. to the county jail, Mary Garbey, charged with picking the pockets of Michael Regan of a large sum of money, at the fair of Bruff .- Also John Donovan, charged with being on the night of the 28th ult. at the house of John Donn, and of the party when Michael Gavin was beat, in consequence of which he died on the 7th July inst .-By Francis Lloyd, Esq. Mayor, to the city jail, Thomas Hogan, charged with enlisting, and falsely declaring himself not an apprentice.

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The following extraordinary Correspondence appeared in the Dublin Papers of Saturday last:

Dr. Nash & the Hon. & Rev. Mr. Ponsonby

The following correspondence, we learn, took place in consequence of the Rev. Dean Blakely having preached at the Magdalen Asylum, Dublin, on the 24th of March, upon which day it was understood that the Rev. Mr. Ponsonby was to have performed that duty, but being compelled to leave town suddenly upon urgent business, Dean Blakely, in compliance with Mr. Ponsouby's request, undertook to supply his

Dr. Nash presents his compliments to Mr. Ponsonby, and informs him, that it has been always the custom of the Asylum, for those gentlemen who are so kind as to undertake the Lent service, either to preach in person, or to send an apology when prevented by some unforeseen circumstance. In no instance has a substitute been deputed without the consent of the chaplain, who is in the strictest sense answerable for the pulpit. Doctor Nash is willing to suppose that Mr. Ponsonby was not aware of the character of the congregation whom he treated so lightly, nor of the qualifications of his representative; but he cannot overlook an impropriety, which in the instance of Mr. Ponsonby, cannot be attributed to ignorance of duty or decorum. Dr. Nash does not feel himself authorised to communicate the censure with which the sermon delivered on Sunday at the Asylum, was received by its best friends; but only adds, that had the sermon been perfectly consistent with the Gospel, or the principles of common sense, this could not lessen the impropriety of which Dr. Nash complains, though it might have softened the terms of reprobation in which it had been represented to him. Dr. Nash is much concerned to be compelled to expostulate thus with a gentleman of Mr. Ponsonby's character, instead of thanking him as he had hoped to do; but he could not satisfy the expectations of the Governors of the Asylum, if he permitted such an uncommon occurrence as this to pass unnoticed-

To the Hon, and Rev. Mr. Ponsonby. Mr. Ponsonby presents his compliments to Dr. Nash, and informs him that he found his letter yesterday evening on his return to town, and Mr. Pousonby fee's it due to himself, to enter into some explanation of his conduct, which Dr. Nash has been pleased to term light, and disrespectful to those who are in the habit of attending divine worship at the Asylum. In a conversation which Mr. Ponsonby had with Mr. Pomeroy, he stated the possibility of his being called away suddenly from town, in which event he proposed to have his place supplied by Mr. Blakely: to this proposal Mr. Pomeroy appeared perfectly to accede, and Mr. Ponsonby left town, under the conviction that he was not acting with any degree of impropriety; he has, however, to lament, that any part of his conduct should have incurred the censure of Dr. Nash, particularly as he has not been in the habit of intentionally treating any body slightly or disrespectfully, and in this instance he can assure Dr. Nash, that nothing was further from his intention. It is a considerable mortification to Mr. Ponsou5y to find, notwithstanding the knowledge of duty and decorum, for which Dr. Nash is so good as to give him credit, that he should suppose him guilty

claring my sentiments, with respect to the discourse itself -so far from containing any thing exceptionable, it is my deliberate and decided opinion, that it is affecting, impressive, and instructive-such as I should have expected from Dean Blakeley, with whose christian zeal, and more than common talents, I have had ample opportunity of being fully acquainted, in consequence of the friendship and intimacy, which, I am happy in the occasion that now presents itself of declaring, have long subsisted between us.

WM. DOBBIN, Rector of St. Mary's.

OPINION OF JOHN BALL, ESQ.

I have, on behalf of Dean Blakely', read the sermon preached by him at the Magdalen Asylum, and the letters relating thereto, which passed between Doctor Nash and Mr. Ponsonby. Doctor Nash, in his letters, accuses Dean Blakely with having preached doctrines inconsistent with the gospel, and with the principles of common sense. This is a charge which (it founded in truth) would subject the preacher to ecclesiastical censure, and perhaps to deprivation-and, at all events is calculated most materially to injure the character of a clergyman, and (if believed) to impede his chance of promotion; and, in point of law, I have no hesitation in saying, that Dean Blakely may maintain an action for defamation against Dr. Nash, as I am perfectly clear in my opinion, that there is nothing in the sermon to warrant such an injurious accusation But though in point of law the action is maintainable, and that Dean Blakely would probably recover large damages, as the calumny is not only unfounded, but malevolent, yet I think that Dean Blakely would act in a manner more dignified, and more worthy of the excellent character which I know he bears in society, by treating the calumniator with silent contempt, than by resorting to law for redress; and, upon the whole, my advice to him is, not to institute legal proceedings. JOHN BALL.

June 17, 1811.

OPINION OF JOHN BURNE, ESQ.

I have read the sermon preached by Mr. Blakely at the Asylum, on the 24th of March, and also Dr. Nash's letters to Mr. Ponsonby, relative thereto, together with Mr. Ponsonby's answers. The sermon appears to us to inculcate a most important principle of the christian religion with great energy and effect, and I have been unable to discover any thing in it inconsistent either with the gospel or good sense. The letters of Dr. Nash contain the most illiberal and unfounded abuse of that sermon, expressed in terms unworthy of a scholar or a gentleman, and indicating nothing but the vulgarity and fanaticism of a sectary. I am therefore clearly of opinion, that Mr. Blakely could well maintain an action against Mr. Nash, for this gross and abominable libel; but, whether it would be prudent and adviseable to bring such action, is a question of a very different nature, and one upon which I had some difficulty in forming an epinion. On the one hand, I feel an auxious wish to have such unmerited calumny exposed and published; but, on the other, I conceive it can be attended with no injurious consequences to Mr. Blakely, and that he will be more likely to mortify and punish the calumniator by treating from with dignified indifference and contempt than by instituting any legal proceeding against him.

JOHN BURNE.

June 5, 1811.

BIRTH-At Castlegar, co. Galway, the lady of Ross

Mahon, Esq. of a son and heir.

MARRIES-In Dublin, Thomas Thompson, Esq. of North Great George's street, to Anna, eldest daughter of Alexander Brenan, Esq. of Kingston-Ludge, county Dublin, ode of the six clerks of the Court of Chancery. -At Kenmare, co. Kerry, Lieut. John Keane, of the Royal Artillery, to the daughter of Joseph Daly, Esq. of that place.

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